

板信銀行 99 年新進行員甄試試題

科目一：普通科目【國文及英文】

甄試類別：五職等辦事員

入場通知書號碼：_____

注意：①本試卷正反兩頁共 50 題，每題 2 分，限用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答。
②本試卷之試題皆為單選擇題，請選出最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分。
③答案卡務必繳回，未繳回者該科以零分計算。

【國文】

【4】1.下列選項都有一個「扁」字，其中有一個與另外三個的念法不同，請將它選出來：

- ①扁食 ②扁鵲 ③扁桃腺 ④一葉扁舟

【1】2.「對偶」是指字數相同、詞性相似、兩兩相對的句型，下列選項何者屬於對偶句？

- ①星垂平野濶，月湧大江流——杜甫〈旅夜書懷〉
②牀頭一壺酒，能更幾回眠——高適〈醉後贈張九旭〉
③朱門酒肉臭，路有凍死骨——杜甫〈自京赴奉先縣詠懷五百字〉
④月出驚山鳥，時鳴春澗中——王維〈皇甫嶽雲溪雜題，五首之一：鳥鳴澗〉

【4】3.「我是最後一個演講人，很榮幸有這個機會為今天的晚會活動，畫上一個圓滿的句號。」這是前美國總統艾森豪某一次應邀演講的開場白。其中最後一句「畫上一個圓滿的句號」，既代表艾森豪是最後一個上臺演講的人，也暗示著晚會活動的結束，這樣的修辭技巧叫做什麼？

- ①設問 ②排比 ③誇飾 ④雙關

【2】4.「棄燕雀之小志，慕鴻鵠以高翔」一語，下列解說何者正確？

- ①比喻好高騖遠 ②比喻抱負遠大 ③形容自不量力 ④形容枉費心機

【1】5.寫景文章，有時「以樂景寫哀，以哀景寫樂」，反面手法，反而更能增添主人翁悲哀、快樂的感受。下列合乎這種寫法的選項是：

- ①昔我往矣，楊柳依依；今我來思，雨雪霏霏。——《詩經·小雅·采薇》
②何處秋風至，蕭蕭送雁群。朝來入庭樹，孤客最先聞。——劉禹錫〈秋風引〉
③沅湘流不盡，屈子怨何深！日暮秋風起，蕭蕭楓樹林。——戴叔倫〈三閭廟〉
④天是藍得可愛，彷彿一汪水似的；月兒便更出落得精神了。——朱自清〈樂聲燈影裡的秦淮河〉

【2】6.有關道家思想的寓意，下列敘述何者正確？

- ①「聖人不仁，以百姓為芻狗」：聖人慘無仁道，棄百姓如敝屣
②「信言不美，美言不信」：真實的語言不在華麗，而華麗的巧言不真實
③「澤雉十步一啄，百步一飲，不蕲畜乎樊中」：被飼養的雉雞不憂愁飲食，頗自得其樂
④「為善无近名，為惡无近刑」：無論行善或有不好的念頭，都不能太過分，以明哲保身為先

【4】7.下列哪一句成語用來形容為民除害？

- ①助紂為虐 ②為虎添翼 ③魯魚亥豕 ④捕蛇去齒

【1】8.下列詩句表露詩人心中悠然自得之樂的選項是：

- ①山氣日夕佳，飛鳥相與還。此中有真意，欲辯已忘言
②月黑雁飛高，單于夜遁逃。欲將輕騎逐，大雪滿弓刀
③十觴亦不醉，感子故意長。明日隔山岳，世事兩茫茫
④三日入廚下，洗手作羹湯。未諳姑食性，先遣小姑嘗

【1】9.下列各組引號內的字，讀音相同的選項是：

- ①手「腕」／「惋」惜 ②「肩」膀／「捐」客 ③中「輟」／「綴」輯 ④「隨」便／骨「髓」

【4】10.「禮義廉恥，國之四維；四維不張，國乃滅亡。」講這個話的人是：

- ①孔子 ②孟子 ③老子 ④管子

【2】11.下列成語何者可用來形容「作品令人感動讚賞」？

- ①突兀崢嶸 ②迴腸蕩氣 ③吐屬不凡 ④辭無所假

【1】12.古人常以流水比喻時間不停地消逝，例如孔子就有「逝者如斯夫，不舍晝夜」之嘆。下列同樣是感嘆時間流逝的選項為：

- ①流水落花春去也，天上人間 ②西塞山前白鷺飛，桃花流水鱖魚肥
③還似舊時遊上苑，車如流水馬如龍 ④四顧山光接水光，凭欄十里芰荷香

【3】13.下列各組文字依六書的分類，何者正確？

- ①門、琴 — 會意 ②本、末 — 象形 ③江、河 — 形聲 ④武、信 — 指事

【1】14.杜甫〈登高〉一詩的首聯：「風急天高猿嘯哀，渚清沙白鳥飛迴」，充滿了五官功能的感受。下列敘述何者正確？

- ①風急——聽覺與觸覺 ②天高——視覺與觸覺
③猿嘯、鳥飛——聽覺與嗅覺 ④渚清、沙白——視覺與觸覺

【2】15.《孟子·公孫丑上》記載弟子問：「何謂浩然之氣？」孟子答說：「難言也。其為氣也，至大至剛，以直養而無害，則塞於天地之間。其為氣也，配義與道；無是，餒也。是集義所生者，非義襲而取之也。行有不慊於心，則餒矣。」句中「無是，餒也。」意指：

- ①做錯事，人就氣餒了 ②沒有正氣，人就氣餒了
③不懂得人倫綱常，這個人就沒救了 ④沒有配合人性的善惡，浩然正氣就沒用了

【2】16.下列四句歇後語，何者錯誤？

- ①孔明借東風 --- 神機妙算 ②關公面前耍大刀 --- 走著瞧
③張飛穿針 --- 大眼瞪小眼 ④司馬昭之心 --- 路人皆知

【3】17.杜甫〈聞官軍收河南河北〉：「劍外忽傳收薊北，初聞涕淚滿衣裳。卻看妻子愁何在，漫卷詩書喜欲狂。白日放歌須縱酒，青春作伴好還鄉。即從巴峽穿巫峽，便下襄陽向洛陽。」詩中作者何故而「涕淚滿衣裳」？

- ①想起骨肉親人離散，悲從中來，為之傷心 ②觸目所見，國家殘破，山河殘缺，令人傷心
③飽經戰亂，乍聞收復失地的捷報，為之喜極而泣 ④統帥三軍，終於一戰成名，滅敵雪恥，為之感激涕零

【3】18.從網路搜尋資料，愈來愈方便，如果你想找有關「赤壁賦」的資料，可能從下列哪些網路書籍中找到？

- ①全漢賦、三曹集 ②全唐文、嘉祐集 ③全宋文、蘇文忠公集 ④明文在、王文成公集

【2】19.下列何者描述的季節與其他三者有別？

- ①庭院深深深幾許？楊柳堆煙，簾幕無重數 ②六出飛花入戶時，坐看青竹變瓊枝
③留連戲蝶時時舞，自在嬌鶯恰恰啼 ④東風從此，便薰梅染柳

【3】20.作家白先勇曾說：「文學不能帶給社會工業的進步或是商業的繁榮，可是文學有個很重要的價值，就是教育我們如何同情。」下列何者最貼近本句話的意旨？

- ①文學只是無病呻吟的產物，其價值不若其它學科 ②文學價值唯有從古籍中尋找，當代已無文學可言
③文學將深層的苦痛轉化為文字，喚起人類的良知 ④提倡文學會造成社會工業的退步以及商業的衰敗

【1】21.張曉風〈種種有情〉一文說：「女人，真是一種奇怪的人，她可以沒有籍貫、沒有職業，甚至沒有名字地跟著丈夫活著，她什麼都給了人，她年老的時候拿不到一文退休金，但她卻活得那麼有勁頭，她可以早起可以晚睡，可以吃得極少可以永無休假期地做下去。她一輩子並不清楚自己是在付出還是在擁有。□□□□真是一種既可愛又可敬的角色。」這段文字中，□□□□應該填入哪四個字？

- ①資深主婦 ②年輕女工 ③麻辣鮮師 ④兩性專家

【4】22.當代文學作家及其作品，下列敘述何者正確？

- ①白先勇：《孽子》、《危險心靈》 ②余光中：《山居筆記》、《文化苦旅》
③林文月：《飲膳札記》、《只緣生在此山中》 ④楊牧：《葉珊散文集》、《搜索者》

【閱讀測驗，請回答第 23 至 25 題】

夜飲東坡醒復醉，歸來彷彿三更。家童鼻息已雷鳴，敲門都不應，倚仗聽江聲。
長恨此身非我有，何時忘卻營營？夜闌風靜縠紋平，小舟從此逝，江海寄餘生。
——蘇軾〈臨江仙〉

【3】23.本文由眼前實景寫到懸想的空間，下列與本文寫作方式較為相近的選項是：

- ①獨坐幽篁裡，彈琴復長嘯。深林人不知，明月來相照。——王維〈竹裏館〉
②君家何處住，妾住在橫塘。停船暫借問，或恐是同鄉。——崔顥〈長干曲〉
③床前明月光，疑是地上霜。舉頭望明月，低頭思故鄉。——李白〈靜夜思〉
④一路經行處，莓苔見履痕。白雲依靜渚，芳草閉閒門。——劉長卿〈尋南溪常山道人隱居〉

【4】24.從本文的結構及內容判斷，下列敘述何者正確？

- ①本文屬於詞的一種，分上片、下片，字數很多，屬於詞中的長調
②本文主旨是在說明臨近江邊時，風景絕美，興起效法仙人遨遊的感懷
③文中表達對家童懶惰的不滿，對人性徹底失望，因此決定拋棄塵俗生活
④全文描寫東坡被貶之後的內心變化，希望將來能遠離風波，過些平靜的日子

【1】25.「小舟從此逝，江海寄餘生。」此句意境的描寫與下列何者相似？

- ①孤舟蓑笠翁，獨釣寒江雪。——柳宗元〈江雪〉 ②夕陽西下，斷腸人在天涯。——馬致遠〈天淨沙〉
③興，百姓苦；亡，百姓苦。——張養浩〈山坡羊〉 ④不解寄、一字相思。幸有歸來雙燕。——賀鑄〈望湘人〉

【請接續背面】

【英文】

一、字彙測驗（請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案）

- 【3】26. If you make the same _____ again, I am sure to fire you.
① button ② debate ③ mistake ④ officer
- 【2】27. Scientists believe that human-produced _____ gases are the causes of warming temperatures.
① clubhouse ② greenhouse ③ townhouse ④ warehouse
- 【1】28. In such an emergency, Mary _____ "Fire!"—instead of "Help!"—to draw people's attention.
① exclaimed ② declared ③ signaled ④ subscribed
- 【4】29. The _____ party of Taiwan now is Kuomintang after the presidential election in 2008.
① loyal ② messy ③ power ④ ruling
- 【1】30. China tried to solve its economic problems by concentrating more on the _____ market, less on exporting.
① domestic ② global ③ primary ④ various
- 【3】31. He is _____. Once he starts to express his opinions, you cannot stop him.
① generous ② homesick ③ talkative ④ objective
- 【3】32. Are buses usually _____ or often late in your country?
① puncture ② positive ③ punctual ④ postal
- 【1】33. Mr. Wang was pretty forgetful these days. He _____ his brains out, trying to figure out where he had put the jewel.
① beat ② extended ③ grasped ④ hammered

二、文法測驗（請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案）

- 【4】34. I _____ sick yesterday, so I didn't go to work.
① feel ② feeled ③ fell ④ felt
- 【3】35. I wish I _____ your advice then. But I was too stupid to understand that.
① take ② took ③ had taken ④ have taken
- 【3】36. I've been a teacher _____ the year 2001.
① for ② in ③ since ④ until
- 【4】37. I looked forward to _____ you soon.
① be seen ② saw ③ see ④ seeing
- 【3】38. John speaks English _____ me.
① as better as ② as good as ③ better than ④ very better than
- 【4】39. The burglar was seen _____ the office building at eleven last night.
① enter ② entering ③ entered ④ to enter
- 【1】40. The reason why Jeff was absent last Monday was _____ he was taken ill.
① that ② how ③ what ④ which

三、克漏字測驗（請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案）

In many countries, it is not unusual for families of different backgrounds to live together in shared space. 41, in the United States, this idea may still be considered odd. But this type of housing, called co-housing, is gaining 42 in the U.S., too. Co-housing complexes are popping up in cities across the country. For many people, this modern way of 43 is a relief to the busy modern lifestyle. About 25 co-housing communities have been built in recent years, and 150 more have been 44. In co-housing complexes, everyone helps take care of children and elderly residents. It's also a place 45 residents shop, cook and eat together. Residents of co-housing complexes like its sense of shared community.

- 【1】41. ① However ② Furthermore ③ In addition ④ As a result
- 【2】42. ① argument ② popularity ③ replacement ④ sensitivity
- 【2】43. ① communication ② life ③ relaxing ④ transport
- 【2】44. ① clutched ② planned ③ jumped ④ scanned
- 【4】45. ① what ② when ③ which ④ where

四、閱讀測驗

Lisa Palmer was arrested for an unusual crime. She is accused of putting too many hot peppers in a sandwich! Palmer is 43 years old. She is a cook at a restaurant in Ebensburg, Pennsylvania. She must go to court because of something that happened at the restaurant that involved a police officer whose name is Robert Sanders.

Officer Sanders says he became ill for four days after he ate a sandwich at the restaurant. Palmer is the cook who made his sandwich. Sanders claims that Palmer purposely put very hot chili peppers to make him sick. He thinks he knows why she did this. A few months ago, Officer Sanders gave Palmer several parking tickets. Palmer was upset about the parking tickets. Now Sanders believes **the cook is trying to get back at him**. He thinks she wants to make him sick because she was angry about the parking tickets.

The incident has gotten a lot of attention in the news. There were articles about it in newspapers across the country. But the mayor of Ebensburg is not happy about the publicity. He said, "People are treating it as a joke. I feel my police officers deserve more respect." The mayor hopes the whole situation can be settled without much more publicity.

- 【3】46. What is wrong with Officer Sanders' sandwich?
① It was very bitter. ② It was too sweet.
③ It had many chili peppers. ④ It had been cooked too long.
- 【1】47. What happened to Officer Sanders after eating the sandwich?
① He felt sick. ② He was sent to the hospital.
③ He went back to the restaurant again. ④ He gave Lisa Palmer a ticket.
- 【4】48. How did the mayor of Ebensburg feel about this incident?
① He thinks it is a joke.
② He believes Lisa Palmer is a good cook.
③ He thinks this incident should be known to a lot of people.
④ He believes that police officers need to be respected.
- 【4】49. What happened to Lisa Palmer after the incident?
① She was fired by the restaurant. ② She had to receive some parking tickets.
③ She agreed that police officers deserve respect. ④ She needed to go to the court.
- 【3】50. What is the possible meaning of the clause "the cook is trying to get back at him?"
① The cook is trying to call him again. ② The cook is trying to come back with him.
③ The cook is trying to revenge. ④ The cook is trying to defeat him.