#### 臺灣菸酒股份有限公司99年第2職等從業人員(相當評價職位第6工等) 甄試試題 共同科目 (含國文、英文) \*請填寫入場通知書編號:

注意:①作答前須檢查答案卡(卷)、入場通知書編號、桌角號碼、應試類別是否相符,如有不同應立即請監 試人員處理,否則不予計分。 ②本試卷為一張單面,分為國文(短文寫作一篇,50分)與英文(四選一單選選擇題 20題,每題 2.5 分,合計 50 分)。 ③英文選擇題,限以2B鉛筆作答,請選出最適當答案,答錯不倒扣;未作答者,不予計分。

④國文短文寫作,限以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆、修正帶(液)等文具於答案卷上採橫式作答,並請從答 案卷內第一頁開始書寫,違反者該科酌予扣分。不必抄題但須標示題號。

⑤答案卡及答案卷務必繳回,違反者該科成績以零分計算。

### 【國文】

#### 短文寫作:(答案卷上不得書寫姓名及非必要之文字、編號或符號,違反者該科成績以零分計算。)

孔子說:「人而無信,不知其可也。」時至今日,企業之經營是否仍應講求信用第一? 以「誠信」為題,抒寫您的看法,文長不得少於350字。

# 【英文】

#### 一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意,選出最適當的答案】

[1] 1. The job market is getting more and more because of the high unemployment rate.				
① competitive	② influential	③ measurable	④ professional	
[1]2. The U.S.A. is a country, in which businesses belong mostly to private owners, not to the government.				
① capitalist	<sup>②</sup> communist	③ socialist	④ journalist	
[2] 3. According to the law, people who smoke in public places shall be NT\$10,000.				
① reduced	<sup>②</sup> fined	③ graded	④ headed	
[1] 4. Stock markets worldwide on the news of a possible financial crisis. Investors were terrified.				
① crashed	<sup>②</sup> dripped	③ flamed	④ grasped	
[3] 5. Martin Luther King's in bringing civil rights to his black fellow men is still admired today.				
① exclusion	<sup>©</sup> migration	③ persistence	④ perplexity	

#### 二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

[1] 6. Hank sugges	sted a driving lesson.				
① I take	<sup>②</sup> I took	③ me take	④ me took		
[2] 7 John Mary went to the party yesterday because they had to work overtime.					
① Eitheror	② Neithernor	3 Bothand	④ Not onlybut also		
[1] 8. He quit last year. He feels healthier now.					
① smoking	<sup>②</sup> to smoke	③ smoke	④ smoked		
[4] 9. I go to work on weekends.					
① some time	② some times	③ sometime	④ sometimes		
[3] 10. Since I live close to my office, I go to work foot.					
① by	<sup>②</sup> in	3 on	(4) with		

## 三、克漏字测驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

Well, I'll tell you what my goal is for the future. I'm going to become the first women <u>11</u> of the country. And I'm going to go to college to study history because I think that's <u>12</u> if you are going to be in politics. Second, when I'm in college, I think 13 important to go and live in another country for a year or two and learn another language. And third, when I come back, I'm going to go to <u>14</u> school and become a lawyer for a few years. Then I'm going to go into 15 . Starting as a mayor, then a senator, I'll be prepared to become the president.

[3] 11. <sup>①</sup> doctor	<sup>②</sup> lawyer	③ president	④ superstar
[1] 12. ① important	<sup>②</sup> impossible	③ international	④ interesting
[2] 13. <sup>①</sup> it	② it's	③ its	④ it be
[3] 14. <sup>①</sup> business	<sup>②</sup> humanity	3 law	④ medical
【4】 15. ① factory	<sup>②</sup> entertainment	③ industry	④ politics

#### 四、閱讀測驗

Schools in the 2010's will be working together with businessmen and offices, and factories will be full of schoolchildren and teachers. Since the reforms of the nineteenth century which got children out of factories, the British have disliked mixing learning with commerce. But the past ten years of high youth unemployment rate have encouraged most schools to create new links with employers to provide their pupils with more marketable skills. And in the next ten years, when youth labor will become scarce rather than plentiful, many employers not yet working with schools will be encouraged to do so.

[3] 16. One of Britain's aims of the nineteenth centu	ry socia
① to provide pupils with more skills	2
③ to separate learning from commerce	4
[2] 17. In Britain, the 2010's will see a	
① new increase in youth labor	2
③ a high youth unemployment	4
[3] 18. In the past decade, the British schools have ta	aken the
① youth labor is plentiful	
② the employers encourage them to do so	
③ they have had to prepare their students for employ	ment
④ the British think it's good for their children to wor	k there
[1] 19. Which of the following is not mentioned in the	he pass
① Birth rate in Britain will become lower.	
② In the past ten years, Britain's youth unemployment	nt rate i
③ In Britain, youth labor will be much less than need	led in tl
<sup>④</sup> Most British schools have been encouraged to pro	vide the
[2] 20. To solve the problem of labor resources in th	e 2010'
① the British must mix learning with working	
© employers must have better relations with schools	
③ teachers will have to work together with business	nen
(4) The British will have to send their children to factor	ories

ial reforms must have been to create new links with employers D to mix learning with commerce D higher demand for skilled workers weak link between schools and factories neir pupils to factories because \_\_\_\_\_

sage?

is high. the next decade. neir pupils with more marketable skills. 's, \_\_\_\_\_