

共同科目

科目：國文及英文

壹、國文：

一、寫作：【請在[答案卷]上作答，必須抄題】請依重要性、方法及創新構思提出論述，白話文
言不拘。

題目：學習與創意

【擬答】：

常言道：「學如逆水行舟，不進則退。」事實確是如此！處在知識爆炸的時代裏，更應時時
充實自我，方不致抱殘守缺而成為井底之蛙，惟有孜孜不倦，汲取新知，研究創新，追求卓越，
才能保持領先群倫，《論語》中夫子嘗言：「溫故而知新，可以為師矣。」南宋理學大家朱文公
亦言：「問渠哪得清幾許？為有源頭活水來。」其闡明者，皆是這番道理。

對人生而言，最重要之鵠的並非是空有其表、浪得虛名，而應當是不斷地充實自我、精益求
精，並能夠知己知彼，汲取眾家之長，擴寬一己視野，到了身懷長才，在諸多方面皆稱得上是超
塵絕俗，自能脫穎而出；當然，讀書並非僅為了點裝門面、賣弄才學，更不是奸宄使詐、從事不
法，其根本目的在殫智竭力地人群服務，推動人類文明的進步，使知識不斷地傳承，科技不停地
更新。

以實例而言，台灣在經濟的發展過程中，雖然曾因過去的「知識聚集」與「製造優勢」，創
造了第一次的「經濟奇蹟」，不過隨著近年來數位化、全球化的風起雲湧，資金、人才、資源的
全球性流動，已經讓台灣的知識聚集及製造優勢被其他新興開發中國家所取代，尤其邁入知識經
濟時代，台灣面臨缺乏特色商品競爭優勢的危機，不得不尋找另一條出路。而整合台灣的智慧與
文化魅力，結合新的創意，學習世界一流新知，並將其應用於產品發展或生活品質與美學中，不
啻是諸多產業煥發新生機、新潛能與新商機的關鍵策略，既能創造就業機會，研發新產品，促進
經濟成長，同時也能讓世人一窺各項產業的新發展型態。

總之，人往往有著崇高的理想，有著繼往開來的豪情壯志，但經常面臨到現實的問題，便不
得不低頭，這種矛盾的現象不知扼殺了多少才情之士，至為可惜！一個真正的豪傑之士，是懷抱
著美麗的憧憬，為此完全付出，此種生活一定是充滿激昂的，是以，「創意」的價值，不僅在目
標的達成，更在於鼎故革新，超越極限，不屈不撓，將一切不切實際、陳舊迂腐之物撇除，拋脫
舊思維、老方法，進而產生樂趣，領略喜悅，將生命的意境、科技的發展，作更高的昇華，這才
是「學習發揮創意」之最重要課題。

【老師講評】：

此等題目是雙軌式的，當注重兩個子題之等量齊觀的價值性，先闡明前者，再發皇後者，讓
二者之內涵揮灑出來，才能淋漓盡致地詮釋題旨。

文章宜分四段，各有段落旨趣，充分繞著題意，逐步剖析論述，期令文理明顯、章法有序，
自能受到欣賞。

二、單選題：

(C) 1. 下列各組「」內的注音寫成國字後，何者兩兩相同？

或 (A)貨「ㄅㄛˋ」貶值/「ㄅㄛˋ」端叢生長

(D) (B)有「ㄅㄛˋ」竟成/「ㄅㄛˋ」理名言

(C)蓬「ㄅㄛˋ」生輝/「ㄅㄛˋ」路藍縷

(D)四面「ㄅㄛˋ」歌/「ㄅㄛˋ」材晉用

(C) 2. 下列選項，何者有錯別字？

(A)不容置喙 (B)滄海一粟 (C)趨之若鶩 (D)功虧一簣

(B) 3. 閱讀下文，依序為□選擇最恰當的字：「景氣回春，小明公司接獲大量訂單，□才孔
亟，小明正研擬考試□知，以應招募甄試。」

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- (A)須、須 (B)需、須 (C)須、需 (D)需、需
- (A) 4. 「途同歸、發情懷」二成語中缺空的字依序為：
(A)殊、抒 (B)殊、舒 (C)抒、紆 (D)抒、殊
- (A) 5. 「君子之於天下也，無適也，無莫也，義之與比」(論語里仁)句中「比」字意指：
(A)依從 (B)將近 (C)替代 (D)等到
- (B) 6. 下列語詞所指之年齡，何者非指 70 歲？
(A)古稀高齡 (B)耄耋之年 (C)懸車之年 (D)致事之年
- (D) 7. 「不義而富且貴，於我如浮雲」(論語述而)句中「浮雲」比喻：
(A)流動變化 (B)天空飄浮的雲 (C)小人 (D)不足掛心的事物
- (C) 8. 「低頭向暗壁，千喚不一回」(李白長干行)句中「向」字意指：
(A)接近 (B)如果 (C)朝著 (D)先前
- (A) 9. 「民吾同胞，物吾與也」(張載西銘)句中「與」字意指：
(A)同類 (B)等待 (C)幫助 (D)給予
- (B) 10. 下列與歷史人物相關的成語，何者有誤？
(A)小時了了：孔融 (B)一字千金：曹丕
(C)圖窮匕見：荊軻 (D)臥薪嘗膽：句踐
- (D) 11. 研究儒家禮治主義與人格教育之重要典籍為：
(A)儀禮 (B)詩經 (C)尚書 (D)禮記
- (C) 12. 下列成語何者用來形容人生虛幻？
(A)日月如梭 (B)物換星移 (C)海市蜃樓 (D)光陰似箭
- (B) 13. 「望一望，想一想，誰不感到虛度春秋」(郭小川登九山)句中「春秋」意指：
(A)春秋二季 (B)歲月 (C)年齡 (D)褒貶
- (A) 14. 下列「」同字文句中，何者非為前「」字為動詞，後「」字為名詞？
(A)予之琴，「和」之不「和」。(禮記檀弓上)
(B)「惡」稱人之「惡」者。(論語陽貨)
(C)「賢」「賢」易色。(論語學而)
(D)不獨「親」其「親」，不獨子其子。(禮記大同與小康)
- (D) 15. 有關蘇軾〈前赤壁賦〉：「逝者如斯，而未嘗往也；盈虛者如彼，而卒莫消長也」句中「斯」、「彼」的說明，下列何者正確？
(A)「斯」指明月，「彼」指江水 (B)「斯」指明月，「彼」指清風
(C)「斯」指清風，「彼」指明月 (D)「斯」指江水，「彼」指明月

貳、英文：

I 詞彙和慣用語

- (D) 16. I went to the store _____.
(A) walking (B) by walk (C) by feet (D) on foot
- (C) 17. I like to _____ time _____ my family.
(A) have...at (B) have...to (C) spend...with (D) spend...for
- (B) 18. The flooding after the typhoon _____ many houses.
(A) cut out (B) swept away (C) turned on (D) blew down
- (B) 19. I might have the chance to visit the theater _____ person.
(A) to (B) in (C) of (D) at
- (D) 20. Most of the people in my office want to stay _____, so they exercise regularly.
(A) in love (B) in hope (C) in mind (D) in shape
- (B) 21. When a big company goes out of business it is usually all _____ the news.
(A) of (B) over (C) about (D) around
- (A) 22. In this industry, you really need to keep _____ if you don't want to be

caught off guard.

- (A) your head up (B) an arm and a leg
(C) tooth and nail (D) in the stars
- (D) 23. Tim knows smoking is unhealthy but he is having a hard time _____.
(A) starting (B) sharing (C) holding (D) quitting
- (B) 24. I _____ use a payphone. I just use my cellphone instead.
(A) often (B) rarely (C) usually (D) always
- (C) 25. That is my _____ favorite restaurant. The service is bad and the food doesn't taste good.
(A) most (B) best (C) least (D) worst
- (A) 26. A cat got into kennel last night and created a tremendous _____.
(A) ruckus (B) evidence (C) temptation (D) aviary
- (B) 27. Working at your computer for a long time can ____ pain in your wrists.
(A) avoid (B) cause (C) improve (D) solve
- (D) 28. This restaurant makes good sandwiches. They will even _____ your bread for free.
(A) eat (B) pass (C) taste (D) toast
- (D) 29. You should always _____ your opinions politely.
(A) apply (B) replace (C) interest (D) express
- (B) 30. Many families are struggling to _____ during this recession.
(A) get up (B) get by (C) get out (D) get away
- (B) 31. The government is taking a very _____ approach to managing this economic crisis.
(A) rustic (B) cautious (C) numerous (D) abundant
- (C) 32. My coworkers have been working hard to _____ a fuel shortage next summer.
(A) chatter (B) suggest (C) prevent (D) deserve
- (C) 33. Anna has been asking Henry to eat more healthily but he hasn't been _____ by her arguments.
(A) texted (B) boasted (C) swayed (D) confessed
- (C) 34. There is only a little juice left in the _____.
(A) counter (B) gallon (C) pitcher (D) response
- (D) 35. It took the Davies' fifteen years to complete that _____ mansion.
(A) assorted (B) verified (C) reiterated (D) palatial

II 文法與結構

- (C) 36. I think thunder is scary, _____ lightning is beautiful.
(A) if (B) or (C) but (D) nor
- (B) 37. Imagine _____ an extra day off this weekend. That would be great.
(A) have (B) having (C) had (D) have had
- (C) 38. What can you tell me about _____ the subway in Tokyo?
(A) ride (B) rode (C) riding (D) to ride
- (D) 39. If you _____ my children, what subjects _____ you teach them?
(A) teach...did (B) teach...does
(C) taught...were (D) taught...would
- (D) 40. I'd _____ go to the zoo _____ visit the museum.
(A) prefer...to (B) rather...to
(C) prefer...than (D) rather...than
- (D) 41. The food critic was famous for _____ chefs that didn't give him complimentary dinner.

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- (A) insult (B) to insult
(C) his insulting (D) insulting
- (A) 42. Newspapers are a good way to hear the news. ____ TV news programs.
(A) So are (B) So can (C) So is (D) So do
- (A) 43. Sara felt ____ tired ____ exercise yesterday.
(A) too...to (B) as...as (C) either...or (D) more...than
- (C) 44. The best way to buy train tickets ____ book online.
(A) do (B) does (C) is to (D) are to
- (D) 45. The Ministry of Defense has faced numerous difficulties getting volunteers ____ in the military.
(A) be enlisting (B) who enlist
(C) that enlist (D) to enlist
- (B) 46. There is a beautifully ____ lion in the lobby of the building.
(A) carve (B) carved (C) carves (D) carving
- (D) 47. Jannine will probably lose her job ____ her boss in front of the entire staff last week.
(A) has scolded (B) going to scold
(C) who scolds (D) for scolding
- (B) 48. ____ the family income, the Chang's could afford to buy a new car.
(A) Besides augments (B) Having augmented
(C) Since augmenting (D) Going to augment
- (A) 49. Just look at how much we ____ when we worked together last week.
(A) accomplished (B) can accomplish
(C) have accomplished (D) have been accomplishing
- (A) 50. Do you have ____ for one thousand dollars?
(A) change (B) a change (C) changes (D) some changes

III 綜合測驗

Do you 51 traveling? Many people do. There are many benefits of traveling for people of all ages. It gives people a chance to see new places 52 do new things. It also allows people to experience new cultures and meet new people. The good news for travelers is that international travel has never been easier. Not only are there many modes of transportation available, but the Internet makes bookings and reservations 53. While 54 people have always traveled to exotic places, organized tours have now made it possible for everyone to enjoy the world around them. Tours are also designed to 55 the needs of people with very different budget requirements. With so many ways to travel, what are you waiting for?

- (B) 51. (A) try (B) enjoy (C) dislike (D) participate
(A) 52. (A) and (B) with (C) but (D) for
(A) 53. (A) easier than ever (B) easy than before
(C) harder than before (D) hard than ever
(D) 54. (A) applied (B) depressed (C) dangerous (D) adventurous
(B) 55. (A) met (B) meet (C) meeting (D) have met