

臺灣菸酒股份有限公司 105 年從業職員及從業評價職位人員甄試試題

專業科目 1：英文

※因考試題目與題號不盡相同，請學員依照題意對答。

- (A) 1. The brave king____the enemy and saved his people from harm.
(A)defeated (B)furnished (C)polished (D)recited
- (D) 2. The little boy was punished for speaking to his parents in a_____manner.
(A)calm (B)dull (C)flat (D)rude
- (C) 3. Charlie is too____to change the decision he has made. He never listens to others' advice.
(A)capable (B)fortunate (C)stubborn (D)thoughtful
- (D) 4. Hearing the sound of rain, Helen woke up and closed all the windows to prevent the rain from_in.
(A)creeping (B)flocking (C)knitting (D)pouring
- (A) 5. The three-year-old girl stood on the___, looked at her father from above, and waved goodbye to him.
(A)balcony (B)diary (C)melody (D)policy
- (B) 6. Ever since they met, they've been arguing and fighting with each other. They have a(n)_____relationship.
(A)smelled (B)digested (C)breathe (D)ignored
- (A) 7. Ever since they met, they've been arguing and fighting with each other. They have a(n)_____relationship.
(A)stormy (B)rosy (C)harmonious (D)agreeable
- (C) 8. As mice are____of the cat, they will run for their life at the sound of a cat.
(A)predators (B)hosts (C)prey (D)survivors
- (B) 9. Development has deprived many animals of their_____and endangered their living.
(A)habit (B)habitat (C)rabbit (D)inhabitant
- (D) 10. How a person does his job_____his personality. A person with a strong personality is often determined to succeed.
(A)excites (B)conceals (C)despises (D)reflects
- (B) 11. The patients' problems have to be treated_____since they are all different in type and severity.
(A)indefinitely (B)individually (C)exaggeratedly (D)considerably
- (D) 12. She feels sad to have to end her____because of a fatal defect in the baby.
(A)fortune (B)innocence (C)silence (D)pregnancy
- (A) 13. He sneezes a lot because he is____to pollen.
(A)allergic (B)valuable (C)available (D)superstitious
- (B) 14. The train was so_____that the passengers have little room to stand.
(A)curious (B)crowded (C)conservative (D)conventional
- (A) 15. The dessert is on the house. It is free of _____.
(A)charge (B)dispute (C)compliment (D)immigration

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- (B) 16. Amy was curious about_____was behind the locked door.

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- (A) how (B) what (C) where (D) where
- (A) 17. The baseball game will take place _____ scheduled if the weather is fine tomorrow.
- (A) as (B) for (C) of (D) to
- (D) 18. The suspect was released by the judge because _____ evidence could be found against him.
- (A) a few (B) a little (C) few (D) little
- (B) 19. Sam _____ in bed for a whole week ever since he got hurt in the accident last Friday. He isn't fully-recovered yet.
- (A) had laid (B) has been lying (C) will be lying (D) would lie
- (D) 20. Two hours should be enough time for passengers to travel from Taipei to aohsiung by high-speed rail, _____?
- (A) are they (B) aren't they (C) is it (D) isn't it
- (B) 21. Among all the greenhouse gases, carbon dioxide (CO₂) is considered most _____ for global climate change because of its huge emission amount.
- (A) responsibility (B) responsible (C) responsibly (D) responsive
- (C) 22. The seats next to the window provide better view than _____ elsewhere in the restaurant. That is why customers around the window often spend more time eating.
- (A) another (B) such (C) those (D) what
- (C) 23. The book _____ in 1985 and then again in 2005.
- (A) published (B) had published (C) was published (D) had been publishing
- (B) 24. The general ordered that the injured soldiers _____ to the military hospital at once.
- (A) sent (B) be sent (C) had sent (D) were sent
- (C) 25. The baby _____ for one hour by the time his mom came back home.
- (A) cried (B) was crying (C) had been crying (D) has cried
- (C) 26. The tourist center provides _____ information to visitors.
- (A) many (B) many a (C) plenty of (D) a large number of
- (C) 27. People _____ houses have been broken into by the robber should report to the police.
- (A) who (B) that (C) whose (D) whom
- (C) 28. Tom cheated in the exam, _____ disappointed his family.
- (A) who (B) that (C) which (D) but
- (B) 29. My wife seldom _____ a taxi to the supermarket.
- (A) take (B) takes (C) taken (D) taking
- (C) 30. You have finished your homework, _____?
- (A) did you (B) have you (C) didn't you (D) haven't you

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

第一篇：

It may look like something from the future, but China's long-awaited "straddling bus" ran its inaugural test in Hebei province this week. The two-meter-high Transit Elevated Bus (TEB) straddles the cars below, allowing them to pass through. ___ electricity, the bus is able to carry up to 300 passengers in its 72-foot long and 25-foot wide body.

A video of a mini-model of the vehicle caused great excitement when it was released in May.

The trial run was conducted on a 300-meter-long controlled track in the north-eastern city of

Qinhaungdao. The vehicle is expected to reach speeds of up to 60 kilometers per hour, running on rails 32 along ordinary roads. Up to four TEBs can be linked together.

The biggest advantage is that the bus will save lots of road space. The TEB has the same functions as the subway, 33 its cost of construction is less than one fifth of that of the subway. One TEB could replace 40 conventional buses, according to the firm. 34, it is unclear when the vehicle will be widely used in Chinese cities.

It is not a new idea, but it was not seriously considered 35 a mini-model of it was launched at the 19th China Beijing International High-Tech Expo in May. A month later, developers announced that the TEB would be ready for a test-run in August. Thousands took to micro-blogging site Weibo to express their amazement and incredulity. "This is truly built at 'Chinese speed.'" "I swear I just saw ideas of this in pictures. Now it's appeared in real life," said another.

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|-------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|
| (B) 31. (A)Powering | (B)Powered by | (C)The power is | (D)Power be |
| (A) 32. (A)laid | (B)lie | (C)lain | (D)lay |
| (A) 33. (A)while | (B)when | (C)where | (D)because |
| (D) 34. (A)Consequently | (B)Therefore | (C)Furthermore | (D)However |
| (C) 35. (A)with | (B)after | (C)until | (D)whenever |

第二篇：

In our kindergarten class, we constantly encouraged children to recognize and accept strengths in themselves and others. We daily promoted the concept of "family." We truly cared, nurtured, embraced and loved each other. One of our strongest class 36 was, "We will say only kind things to each other." The children became cheerleaders for one another in attempts as well as successes. When someone had difficulty with a task, another child often said, "37." Standing ovations were given throughout the day for acts of efforts.

One day the children were seated on the floor eagerly relating experiences about springtime when Michael raised his hand. Michael often raised his hand, but he couldn't speak. Because of the safe, inviting environment we had established, his enthusiasm to learn never seemed to 38. I recognized him each time he raised his hand, and we all gave him time to respond at his own comfort level, hoping this would be the time he'd talk. Then, after a few minutes, I would respond as if he 39. "Michael, that was a good try." We then proceeded with our lesson.

When Michael raised his hand again this day, the class and I eagerly waited, as usual.

When Michael raised his hand again this day, the class and I eagerly waited, as usual. And 40, he spoke! The children and I were so amazed and joyous; the energy in the room was overwhelming. One of my class angels spoke first, "That was a great wrong answer!" The class immediately stood and gave him a standing ovation.

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|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| (A) 36. (A)rules | (B)riddles | (C)mysteries | (D)conflicts |
| (C) 37. (A)Forget about it | (B)Let go of it | (C)Just do it | (D)I can't agree more |
| (A) 38. (A)diminish | (B)stay | (C)develop | (D)grow |
| (B) 39. (A)had not answered | | (B)had replied | |
| | (C)didn't reply | | (D)answered |
| (D) 40. (A)out of pity | (B)to a great extent | (C)what's worse | (D)to our great surprise |

四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

第一篇：

While online gaming has become a favorite pastime of millions of people, researchers are investigating how gaming can improve work performance. Studies in the medical field show that surgeons who play video games using a joystick improve their hand-eye coordination, resulting in 37 percent fewer errors during real-life surgery. Other interactive software allows doctors to perform simulated surgery on avatars, providing practice time before operating on actual patients.

In the workplace, companies have developed performance games that run behind-the-scenes on employee's computers. The games award points for tasks such as being on time for work, attending meetings, and finishing segments of projects. This reward-based type of gaming triggers the release of dopamine in the brain, raising performance levels and production. Other companies have discovered that linking video games with audio instructions raises retention levels of employees. Skills are then acquired more quickly.

IBM has placed Innov8, a business game, at over 1,000 universities. Students participate in real-time business models that provide immediate feedback on the decisions they make. This interactive education tool enhances book learning and lectures by allowing students to apply learned material. Decision-making skills are improved, as students learn by trial and error, and strengthen analytical skills.

- (C) 41. According to the reading, how do companies improve the memory of their staff?
- (A) Providing cash rewards for high performers.
 - (B) Having them repeat tasks again and again.
 - (C) Combining listening and visual instruction.
 - (D) Providing plenty of material to study from.
- (D) 42. What benefit does the medical community realize from video games?
- (A) Lower cost of care per patient. (B) Lower morale of surgical teams.
 - (C) Less turnover of employees. (D) Fewer mistakes made in surgery.
- (B) 43. According to the passage, how does business gaming Innov8 differ from traditional college education?
- (A) Professors no longer have to lecture.
 - (B) Results of choices are immediately shown.
 - (C) Books can now be viewed online.
 - (D) Students receive immediate financial reward.
- (A) 44. According to the passage, how does gaming affect employee performance?
- (A) Employees are more productive and perform better.
 - (B) Winners keep their jobs, losers are fired.
 - (C) Employees have more fun playing games.
 - (D) Online games make staff work longer hours.
- (B) 45. Which of the following may be inferred from the passage?
- (A) Online gaming is the best way for training doctors.
 - (B) Immediate feedback is beneficial to students' learning.
 - (C) Employees who spend more time playing online games should be rewarded.
 - (D) IBM's Innov8 is a better interactive education tool than other games.

第二篇：

Some communities have decided to base evaluations of teachers on students' test scores. It will be these evaluations that determine how much teachers will be paid. I don't think this is a very good idea for several reasons.

First of all, if teachers' salaries are going to be based on how much students learn, then some teachers will start to teach their students only what they need to get high test scores. This means that students will miss out on a lot of education that can't be measured on a test. For instance, one of the best methods to help students understand a subject is encouraging them to discuss it. A common practice is to divide the class into groups, have each group discuss the subject, and then have them report back to the whole class. This kind of shared learning can lead to a full understanding. It also teaches students how to discuss and debate ideas. However, it doesn't supply facts to show off on a test.

Another problem with basing teachers' salaries on how much their students learn is that teachers may ignore students who have learning difficulties. Some students are slower learners than others and need more individual attention. If a teacher is worried about tests, he may feel he has to push the majority of the students to cram facts. That effort will take all his time. He won't be able to help the less able students.

It's true that there are teachers who experience "burnout" after many years teaching and just don't care how much their students learn. Basing their salaries on their students' test scores may improve their efforts. However, it's not fair for the majority of teachers. They deserve and need to be judged by other criteria.

- (C) 46. What is the issue discussed in the passage?
- (A) How teachers can best promote their students' academic performance.
 - (B) Whether teachers' salaries are associated with students' moral.
 - (C) Whether teachers should be paid based on students' test scores.
 - (D) Why teachers should get paid based on evaluations.
- (D) 47. What is the author's attitude toward the issue under discussion?
- (A) Teachers should care more about their students' test scores.
 - (B) Students' test scores should be tied to their teachers' salaries.
 - (C) Students' test scores should not a part of their teachers' evaluations.
 - (D) How much teachers are paid should not be decided solely based upon students' test scores.
- (A) 48. Why does the author mention group discussion?
- (A) To give an example of what cannot be tested in education.
 - (B) To demonstrate how teachers decide what scores students get.
 - (C) To show the importance of effective teaching to students' test scores.
 - (D) To tell how important teachers are in helping students get high test scores.
- (A) 49. Which of the following is NOT a step in the group discussion described in the passage?
- (A) The teacher teaches students how to discuss and debate ideas.
 - (B) The teacher has each group report back to the whole class.
 - (C) The teacher has each group discuss the subject.
 - (D) The teacher divides the class into groups.
- (D) 50. Which of the following is one of the reasons the author gives to support his position toward the issue?
- (A) Teachers will burn out after many years teaching.
 - (B) Teachers will encourage students to discuss the subjects.
 - (C) Teachers will not teach what students need to get high scores.
 - (D) Teachers will spend all their time helping students get high scores by cramming facts.