

台灣中油股份有限公司 102 年雇用人員甄選試題

共同科目：國文及英文

壹、國文

- 【3】 1. 下列各詩句「」中的字，作為動詞的選項為：
- ①策「勳」十二轉 ②「青」雲羨鳥飛
③「把」酒話桑麻 ④松風吹解「帶」
- 【2】 2. 下列「」內各字讀音，何者與其他三個選項不同？
- ①「鰈」魚 ②碗「粿」 ③曹「劇」 ④「會」稽
- 【4】 3. 有關作品與作者的配對，下列何者正確？
- ①赤壁賦：白居易 ②山海經：司馬中原
③醉翁亭記：范仲淹 ④髯客傳：杜光庭
- 【1】 4. 元代雜劇主要由「唱詞」，加上「賓白」（說白），再加上「科」（動作），而唱出「曲文」，演成「故事」。演出時，以分四「場」為通例。下列何者亦可作為雜劇每一「場」的單位詞？
- ①折 ②部 ③片 ④闕
- 【1】 5. 最著名的南唐詞家有「中主」、「後主」二人。「南唐中主」係指下列何人？
- ①李璟 ②李煜 ③李白 ④李商隱
- 【2】 6. 有關《詩經》的敘述，下列何者正確？
- ①戰國時代的作品集 ②大都是黃河流域的作品
③句式參差，多為六言、七言 ④《四書》之一
- 【3】 7. 明末清初的李漁，曾從諸多章回小說中評定出「四大奇書」。下列何書名列「四大奇書」之一？
- ①《紅樓夢》 ②《聊齋志異》 ③《金瓶梅》 ④《老殘遊記》
- 【3】 8. 下列各文句「」中的字，其音、義皆正確的選項為：
- ①輕攏慢「撚」：ㄉㄤˇ，揉弦 ②國事「蝸」蟻：ㄩˇ，蟬
③「陟」罰臧否：ㄕˇ，獎賞 ④一「絳」頭髮：ㄌㄧㄥˋ，絲線單位
- 【2】 9. 「科舉制度使得無數讀書人『兩耳不聞窗外事，一心只讀聖賢書』……」這段話可以用來評論下列哪一部作品所描述的內容？
- ①長恨歌 ②儒林外史
③天下郡國利病書 ④世說新語
- 【1】 10. 許多人稱賴和是「臺灣的魯迅」，有關賴、魯兩位作家的敘述，下列何者正確？
- ①作品都具批判性 ②都是農人出身
③都參加民國時期的五四運動 ④都得過諾貝爾文學獎
- 【2】 11. 下列成語中，用字完全正確的選項為：
- ①脾肉復生 ②不刊之論 ③不容置喙 ④披星帶月
- 【3】 12. 「吳奇隆與劉詩詩的戀情，不□而走，引起許多歌迷的注意。」空格□中應填入的字應為下列何者？
- ①徑 ②經 ③脛 ④涇
- 【4】 13. 子曰：「自行束脩以上，吾未嘗無誨焉！」下列文句中，何者最接近孔子所言之含義？
- ①因材施教 ②身教重於言教
③三人行必有我師 ④有教無類
- 【1】 14. 下列各字中，何者讀音正確？
- ①彘：ㄕˇ ②莘：ㄕㄨㄣˇ ③糴：ㄩˇ ④詰：ㄐㄧˋ
- 【4】 15. 下列各組詞語「」內的字，何者其讀音前後相同？
- ①妻「拏」／劍「弩」 ②「椿」萱／夕「春」
③「溯」溪／「朔」望 ④「殫」精／「筭」食

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- 【1】 16. 下列古文名家，作品各擅其長，其所在的時代次序最早者為何？
①司馬遷 ②黃宗義 ③范仲淹 ④歸有光
- 【3】 17. 下列各詞語「」內的字，何者其意義與「黑色」有關？
①明眸「皓」齒 ②「絳」帳春風
③「玄」端章甫 ④「縞」衣素服
- 【3】 18. 在《論語》中，孔子「志於學」所指的年紀，與下列何項詞語所指年紀最接近？
①黃髮 ②白髮 ③束髮 ④華髮
- 【3】 19. 有關古今人物與其書齋名稱的組合配對，下列何者正確？
①梁啟超／雅舍 ②張岱／項脊軒
③劉禹錫／陋室 ④豐子愷／飲冰室
- 【3】 20. 杏花是傳說中農曆二月的花神，有關杏花的詞語，屬於描述女子者為何？
①杏林 ②杏壇 ③杏眼 ④杏脯
- 【2】 21. 下列何項成語最適合用來形容卓文君、謝道韞等歷史上傑出才女？
①千金之子 ②不櫛進士 ③廊廟之才 ④天之驕子
- 【4】 22. 有關「君子之過也，如日月之食焉」的含義，下列敘述何者正確？
①君子常會隱藏過錯 ②君子絕不會有過錯
③君子最會變化過錯 ④君子之過無從隱藏
- 【1】 23. 下列各組成語中，何者前後意義相近？
①優劣得所／人盡其才 ②伐善施勞／虛懷若谷
③買櫝還珠／等量齊觀 ④亡身於外／棄甲曳兵
- 【2】 24. 下列各組詞語「」內的字，前後讀音相同的選項為：
①風姿「綽」約／堅苦「卓」絕 ②「咎」由自取／心懷愧「疚」
③媒「妁」之言／「灼」灼其華 ④黃金千「鎰」／死後「謚」號
- 【1】 25. 下列各句中，何者所描述的季节為「冬」？
①荷盡已無擎雨蓋，菊殘猶有傲霜枝
②更無柳絮隨風起，唯有葵花向日傾
③天階夜色涼如水，坐看牽年織女星
④桃花一簇開無主，可愛深紅愛淺紅
- 【1】 26. 下列各詞語中的「三」，屬於虛數（不是真實的數目）的選項為：
①「三」折肱而成良醫 ②益者「三」友
③「三」寸不爛之舌 ④「三」更半夜
- 【4】 27. 有關「絕句」詩的敘述，下列何者正確？
①興盛於六朝 ②講究對仗
③第一、二、四句一定要押韻 ④分為五言、七言兩類
- 【1】 28. 有關古文中的詞語及解釋，下列何者正確？
①案頭：桌上 ②灑然：充滿水的樣子
③蟾宮：太子所住的宮殿 ④輿薪：工作所得
- 【2】 29. 下列各詞語中的「是」，其含義與「一無是處」的「是」相同者為何？
①唯你「是」問 ②積非成「是」
③主義「是」從 ④至於「是」邦
- 【3】 30. 某詩人正在創作格律詩，選用了「中、雄、窮」等字來押韻，下列各字，何者也可作為詩人在這同一首詩中選用的韻腳？
①出 ②酒 ③紅 ④閣
- 【2】 31. 下列詞語皆有一個「四」字，其含義解釋，何者正確？
①儒家四書：指經、史、子、集
②孟子四端：指惻隱、羞惡、辭讓、是非之心
③孔門四科：禮、樂、射、御
④四體不勤：眼、耳、鼻、舌

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- 【4】 44. The bus was so _____ that it was almost impossible to find an empty seat.
①quiet ②fancy ③polite ④crowded
- 【3】 45. It was raining, and without a(n) _____, I got soaking wet.
①laptop ②sweater ③umbrella ④cellphone
- 【2】 46. Jacob's parents _____ him for cheating on the exam. He was thus grounded
4 for a whole month.
①accepted ②punished ③rewarded ④benefited
- 【4】 47. Having fun playing online games, the boy was _____ when asked to turn off his computer.
①curious ②pleasant ③generous ④reluctant
- 【1】 48. It was really _____ that Harry's parents were both murdered. We could hardly believe it.
①shocking ②satisfying ③exhausting ④entertaining
- 【2】 49. Mrs. Jones glimpsed a mouse in her kitchen and _____ let out a scream.
①honestly ②suddenly ③peacefully ④fortunately
- 【3】 50. Despite the rapid development of technology, we still cannot _____ when an earthquake will strike.
①protest ②protect ③predict ④pretend

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中，選出最適當的答案】

- 【4】 51. We used to sharpen our pencils _____ a knife.
①at ②by ③for ④with
- 【3】 52. John has changed a lot! He is _____ fatter now.
①very ②more ③much ④most
- 【4】 53. How many students _____ in your class?
①is it ②is there ③are they ④are there
- 【2】 54. With hard work, Jeremy finally made his dream _____ true.
①came ②come ③coming ④to come
- 【1】 55. Sarah has never been to a foreign country, _____?
①has she ②does she ③hasn't she ④doesn't she
- 【3】 56. The boy sitting next to you wants to know _____.
①where are you staying ②why don't you like him
③what your phone number is ④whether can you go out with him
- 【1】 57. My grandmother always talks to her cats _____ they were her kids.
①as if ②if only ③only if ④even if
- 【4】 58. The small town _____ I grew up has turned into a prosperous city.
①that ②what ③which ④where
- 【1】 59. The waiter removed the broken glass on the floor _____ someone step on it and get hurt.
①lest ②until ③unless ④though
- 【3】 60. If I _____ more time last night, I could have reviewed all the lessons.
①had ②have ③had had ④have had

三、會話測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- 【4】 61. A: Paul, meet my fiancée, Jenny.
B: _____, Jenny.
①So long ②No way
③Never mind ④Nice to meet you

- 【1】 62. A: What time did you get up this morning?
B: _____
①At six thirty. ②On Saturday.
③In September. ④During winter.
- 【3】 63. A: _____
B: I've just turned forty.
①How are you? ②How do you do?
③How old are you? ④How tall are you?
- 【2】 64. A: (On the phone) I'd like to speak to the general manager.
B: _____
①Cheer up. ②Hold on. ③Back off. ④Slow down.
- 【4】 65. A: Guess what? I've got promoted.
B: _____
①Never mind. ②Don't worry.
③Sorry about that. ④Congratulations!
- 【2】 66. A: _____
B: It's hot with occasional showers.
①Did you enjoy your shower?
②What's the weather like today?
③How would you like your steak?
④Have you watered the plants yet?
- 【1】 67. A: _____
B: Yes. I guess I should go on a diet.
①Have you put on weight? ②You look totally worn out.
③You are being quiet today. ④Do you exercise regularly?
- 【3】 68. A: I'm going to have a job interview tomorrow, and I'm so nervous!
B: _____ You'll be fine.
①Cut it out. ②Bring it on. ③Take it easy. ④Make it snappy.
- 【1】 69. A: I'm taking a trip to Japan this evening.
B: _____
①Bon voyage. ②Don't bother. ③Help yourself. ④Get well soon.
- 【4】 70. A: Do you mind my watching TV here?
B: Actually I do. _____
①Here's the remote control.
②The latest talent show is on channel 40.
③Let's watch the situation comedy together.
④I don't want to be distracted when studying.

四、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

As the saying goes, "Early to bed and early to rise makes you healthy, wealthy, and wise." However, with things like last-minute reviews or parties to go to, we all need to 71 late sometimes. Below is some practical advice to help you stay wide awake into the night.

Firstly, make sure you sleep well the night before, as this will prepare you for the day ahead and keep you 72 longer. For teenagers, seven or eight hours' sleep should usually be enough. Another wise move is to avoid rich or fatty foods like cake or hamburgers. 73 , stick to fruit, vegetables and grains before your late night, as these should fill you up without making you sleepy.

Drinks that contain lots of caffeine, like coffee and Red Bull, will boost your

energy for a few hours. But too much caffeine can make you feel anxious and give you a headache. A more 74 drink choice is green tea, which contains less caffeine but should keep you going for longer. Even better, taking vitamin B tablets 75 good for your immune system and can help you stay focused.

So next time you need to burn the midnight oil, be sure to follow these handy tips!

- 【3】 71. ①stay put ②stay tuned ③stay up ④stay after
【2】 72. ①hungry ②active ③tired ④upset
【2】 73. ①Likewise ②Instead ③Otherwise ④Eventually
【4】 74. ①harmful ②inferior ③sufficient ④effective
【1】 75. ①is ②are ③has ④have

五、閱讀測驗

You scratch your head and a shower of white flakes descends before your eyes. Is it snowing? Sadly, it's not. You've just got dandruff, and a quick look down at your shoulders, which by now is like a field covered with "snow," shows you just how bad the problem is. You quickly brush off the flakes of dead skin and pray that no one has noticed, because, despite the fact that over 50% of people suffer from the complaint, dandruff can be embarrassing.

The basic cause of dandruff is simple and unavoidable: your skin is constantly renewing itself. As skin cells get older, they get pushed outward, and then they eventually die and flake off. With most people, these flakes are usually too small to be noticeable. For dandruff sufferers, however, skin cells are shed very quickly, or bind together to form large flakes. A number of factors can cause this to happen. Eating certain types of sugary food, frequent exposure to extreme heat or cold, sweating, and allergic reactions to hair products are all thought to trigger dandruff. But the condition's main cause is a fungus which grows on your scalp. For those likely to suffer from an attack of the problem flakes, this fungus grows quickly and, apart from causing dandruff, can leave your skin itchy and red.

Help is at hand, though, in the form of specially medicated anti-dandruff shampoos. Chemicals in these shampoos help remove dead skin cells and treat the flake-forming fungus. They won't cure you of dandruff completely, but they should make personal snowstorms a thing of the past.

- 【4】 76. Which of the following does NOT refer to dandruff?
①Personal snowstorms. ②The flakes of dead skin.
③A shower of white flakes. ④A fungus growing on your scalp.
- 【1】 77. Which of the following is NOT one of the factors causing dandruff?
①Having red and itchy skin.
②Eating certain types of sugary food.
③Allergic reactions to hair products.
④Frequent exposure to extreme heat.
- 【2】 78. According to the author, why do people tend to quickly brush off dandruff wishing not to be noticed?
①They don't want to cause complaints.
②They feel embarrassed about dandruff.
③They worry dandruff might hurt their body.
④They want to stop skin cells from getting old.

- 【3】 79. What is the method suggested in the article for dealing with the dandruff problem?
- ①Having a balanced diet.
 - ②Stop scratching your scalp.
 - ③Using medicated shampoos.
 - ④Don't do exercise that causes sweating.
- 【1】 80. About dandruff, which of the following is TRUE?
- ①Dandruff is actually our dead skin cells.
 - ②A small percentage of people suffer from this problem.
 - ③The basic cause of dandruff is simple and can be avoided.
 - ④Anti-dandruff shampoos can completely cure people of dandruff.

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