| 通科目:國文及 | | /各類科全【B640 *請填寫 | 入場通知書編號: |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | | 類別是否相符,如有不同應立即請監言 |
| , , •• | 否則不予計分。 | | |
| | | 選擇題。共 5U 題,每是 1扣;未作答者,不予計 | 夏2分,限用2B鉛筆在「答案卡」上化 公。 |
| ③應試人得自 應試人於測 除該科目成 | 備使用簡易型電子計算 驗時將不符規定之電子 績 10 分,計算機並由 | 拿機(須不具財務、工程及 計算機放置於桌面或使 監試人員保管至該節測專 | &儲存程式功能且按鍵不得發出聲響) 用,若經勸阻無效,仍執意使用者,打 |
| | 缴回,未缴回者該科以 5 旺 | | 1 |
| | | 共計 25 題,佔 50 分 | - |
| | | | 后有所反對,而提倡節用、非樂之說? |
| | | ③道家 豪 這句話的相關來音, | ④法家 下到40款日老工作 9 |
| | | 辱」這句話的相關涵意, imp | 丫列叔她问 |
| | 的,滿足人欲才是重要 5日含的 <u>京</u> 至,蹤漫領 | | |
| | 农足食的享受,勝過循 著早,精神生活之追求 | | |
| | 滿足,精神生活之追求 土泛更受重更 | 才能随人捉开 | |
| ④精神生活比物質 | | 「油田宮、仕事う芸、さ | はなるなど、「ねり取てして口ぬ社 |
| | | ' 馮门晏」 | G增曾說道:「唉!豎子!不足與謀。」 |
| 中「豎子」指的是 | | | |
| | ②劉邦 | | ④項伯 |
| | _ | 彙,下列何項選項才是] | |
| | | | |
| 1】5.一刀扳山兮氣 下列何者錯誤? | 蓋世,時个利兮騅个逝 | 10。騅个逝兮可余何,虞 | 兮虞兮奈若何!」有關這首詩歌的敘述 |
| ①詩歌中的「虞兮」 | 」是楚語的語助詞,沒 | 有意義 | |
| ②所謂的「騅」,指 | 的是駿馬 | | |
| ③這首詩歌是項羽 | 至四面楚歌後,有感而 | 發所唱出的 | |
| ④平劇中的「霸王」 | <u> </u> | 爲藍本 | |
| 【4】6.白先勇膾炙人 | 、口的小說〈遊園驚夢〉 | >,其內容有取材自晚明] | 崑劇之名著,以其中唱詞內容作爲女 主 |
| 藍田玉情思所繫之為 | <u></u> 寫照,請問此一崑劇名 | 諸為: | |
| ①紫釵記 | ②洞簫記 | ③邯鄲記 | ④牡丹亭記 |
| 【4】7.與「沆瀣一氣 | i」這一成語相反的成語 | 語是: | |
| ①志氣相投 | ② 氣若游絲 | ③眾志成城 | ④各懷鬼胎 |
| 【4】8.有關公文函件 | 的寫作注意事項,下來 | 列何者正確? | |
| ①個人可以發公文 | 函件給政府機關詢問攸 | 關自身權益之事項 | |
| ②在公文用語上, [,] | 有隸屬關係之機關,下 | 「級對上級自稱「貴」;」 | _級對下級自稱「鈞」 |
| ③三段式公文的「 | 辦法」可改用「經過」 | 、 「原因」等適當之名稱 | ;「說明」可改用「建議」、「請求」、「 |
| 辦」、「核示事項」 | 」等適當之名稱 | | |
| ④「主旨」一段不知 | 分項,文字緊接段名冒 | "號之下書寫 | |
| (2) 9.下列各引號中 | 的詞彙,何者不屬於將 | 伏聲詞? | |
| ①落木「蕭蕭」 | ◎桃之「夭夭」 | ③「關關」雎鳩 | ④椓之「橐橐」 |
| | | | |
| 2】10.在孔廟大成殿 | ,除正中神龕供奉孔- | 子牌位外,另配祀孔子的 | 7四聖,不包括下列何者? |

| 【2】11.〈桃花源記〉描寫漁夫乍見洞口:「初極狹 | ,纔通人 |
|---------------------------|------------|
| 處逢生之心情轉折,則此意境相類近於下列哪首 | 唐人詩句 |
| ①明月松間照,清泉石上流 | @行到才 |
| ③孤舟蓑笠翁,獨釣寒江雪 | ④海內存 |
| 【1】12.下列各引號中的讀音,何者正確? | |
| ◎反「坫」:カー弓ヽ | ②縲「紕 |
| ③「戄」然:リロヽ | @左「騎 |
| 【3】13.金庸小說以「黯然銷魂」作爲楊過對於小讀 | 龍女思念 |
| ①王粲〈登樓賦〉 | ②司馬村 |
| ③江淹〈別賦〉 | ④左思 |
| 【1】14.有關《楚辭》的敘述,下列何者錯誤? | |
| ①是春秋時代的文學作品 | ②整部書 |
| ③取材有來自於超現實世界的事物 | ④屬於中 |
| 【2】15.曹操〈短歌行〉「對酒當歌,人生幾何?譬 | 如朝露, |
| ①人生苦盡甘來 | ②人生女 |
| ③人生如露珠般晶瑩 | ④人當每 |
| 【4】16.陶淵明〈歸園田居〉「誤落塵網中」意謂: | |
| ①不慎誤觸法網 | @落入小 |
| ③走進一間滿是灰塵的屋內 | ④形容在 |
| 【4】17.中國第一部文學理論專書是: | |
| ①尙書 | ③世說親 |
| 【1】18.下列何位詩人不包括在初唐四傑之中? | |
| ①陳子昂 ②王勃 | ③盧照粦 |
| 【1】19.從語句判讀,「君不見,走馬川行雪海邊, | |
| ①邊塞詩 ②田園詩 | ③山水誘 |
| 【2】20.下列何者不是反應社會民生疾苦之詩作? | |
| ©織婦何太忙?蠶經三臥行欲老 | ②約黃前 |
| ③朱門酒肉臭,路有凍死骨 | ④三月無 |
| 【2】21.下列何句不是李清照的詞? | |
| ①莫道不銷魂,簾捲西風,人比黃花瘦 | ②人生自 |
| ③昨夜雨疏風驟,濃睡不消殘酒 | ④春歸移 |
| 【1】22.蘇東坡在世之時,可以讀到的書籍是: | |
| | ③歐陽季 |
| 【3】23.荀子提倡「化性起僞」,這句話意指: | |
| ①人性是惡,故多虛僞造作之事 | ②因爲/ |
| ③只有透過人爲修養教化,才能變化人性趨向於善 | |
| 【3】24.台灣日治時期作家,作品多反映統治階級其 | <u> </u> |
| 篇作品屬於此一類型創作? | a te -b-te |
| ①黄春明〈蘋果的滋味〉 | ②張文環 |
| ③賴和〈一桿秤仔〉 | ④王禎利 |
| 【2】25.下列各選項之中,何組的成語意思相近? |) লানাত্র |
| ①一丘之貉/與眾不同 ②如自己昭/時何己問 | |
| ③投鼠忌器/肆無忌憚 | ④忍尤言 |

【請接續背面】

人;復行數十步,豁然開朗。」若將此語視為是絕 句?

- 水窮處,坐看雲起時 存知己,天涯若比鄰
- 紲」: ーせく
- 驂」:ムワ

之情的寫照,請問此一詞彙原出於哪一篇文章? 相如〈長門賦〉

〈三都賦〉

書並非屈原一人之作 中國南方文學 ,去日苦多」這句話,表達出什麼樣的人生態度? 如寄,生命短促 每日及時行樂

- 小人詬陷之中
- 在俗世中生活
- ④文心雕龍 新語
- 鄰

④駱賓王

莽黃入天」,是一首: 詩 ④閨怨詩

- 能效月,裁金巧作星 無雨旱風起,麥苗不秀多黃死
- 自是有情癡,此恨不關風與月 秣陵樹,人老建康城
- 文忠公集 ④全唐詩

人性是善惡混雜,所以須僞飾後趨向於善 受後天環境影響,才使得人性變成虛偽 ,造成社會貧富不均、階級分化之情形,下列何

- 環〈閹雞〉 和〈嫁妝一牛車〉
- 吞棗/不求甚解 ④忍尤含詬/洗刷前恥

| 貳、 | · 英文【第 26-50 題, | 每題2分,共計25題,佔50分】 | |
|----|-----------------|------------------|--|
| | | | |

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意,選出最適當的答案】

| _ open, so we are looking | ng to hire a new employee | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| ^② position | ③ location | ④ composition | | |
| , it's unavoidable th | nat candidates criticize eac | h other. | | |
| ^② captain | ③ campaign | ④ calculation | | |
| [1] 28. James has a(n) for music; he picks up melodies very fast. | | | | |
| 2 attitude | ③ gratitude | ④ planet | | |
| [2] 29. The memory of the wonderful experience is still in my mind. | | | | |
| 2 vivid | 3 varied | ④ vicious | | |
| [1] 30. Exposure to ultraviolet light, chemicals from the or even the byproducts of normal metabolism may | | | | |
| s in a cell. | | | | |
| 2 government | 3 sentiment | (4) movement | | |
| [4] 31. For hours, we have heard nothing but negative criticism. Why can't you say something more? | | | | |
| ^② ambitious | 3 determined | ④ constructive | | |
| [1] 32 with a problem, you have to analyze it first, and then try to find a solution. | | | | |
| ② Contemplated | ③ Congratulated | ④ Comprehended | | |
| [4] 33. I got a rather lukewarm response when I asked for to do clean-up; so in the end I had to do most of | | | | |
| | | | | |
| ^② retreats | ③ revenges | ④ volunteers | | |
| | ② position , it's unavoidable th ② captain for music; he pick ② attitude he wonderful experience ② vivid violet light, chemicals fits in a cell. ② government ve heard nothing but neg ② ambitious oblem, you have to anal ③ Contemplated ewarm response when I | attitude ③ gratitude he wonderful experience is still in my min vivid ③ varied violet light, chemicals from the or even the s in a cell. ② government ③ sentiment ve heard nothing but negative criticism. Why can' ② ambitious ③ determined oblem, you have to analyze it first, and then try to ③ Contemplated ③ Congratulated ewarm response when I asked for to do chemical | | |

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中,選出最適當的答案】

| [3] 34. A study show | s that intelligence accounts f | for only 20 percent of th | e factors that determine success, | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| EQ playing an impor | tant role in the remaining 80 | percent. | | |
| ① in | 2 as | 3 with | (4) while | |
| [3] 35. Looking back, | Michelle wishes that she | on the trip with he | er friends. | |
| ① went | 2 goes | ③ had gone | ④ has to go | |
| [4] 36. It's not hard to finish a marathon, that you train diligently. | | | | |
| ① unless | 2 otherwise | ③ nonetheless | ④ provided | |
| [2] 37. Last night, I ran into my ex-girlfriend at a wedding, but she acted as if she me before. | | | | |
| ① never met | ② had never met | 3 has never met | ④ would never meet | |
| [4] 38. Every time the doorbell rang, our dog to bark. | | | | |
| 1) was beginning | ② had begun | ③ begins | ④ began | |
| [3] 39. Ever since he entered politics, Mr. Holden very aggressive. | | | | |
| ① is | 2 was | 3 has been | ④ had been | |
| [4] 40. In business, ea | http://www.ach.year.isfour.quart | ters, and each quarter las | sts for three months. | |
| ① sold around | 2 offered on | ③ divided by | ④ broken down into | |

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

Sitting in front of the television may be relaxing, but spending too much time in front of the tube may take years off your life. That's what Australian researchers found when they collected TV _41_ information from more than 11,000 people older than 25 years. The <u>42</u> found that people who watched an average six hours of TV a day lived an average 4.8 years less than those who didn't watch any television. Also, every hour of TV that participants watched after age 25 was associated with a 22-minute ______ in their life expectancy.

It's no mystery that sitting in front of the tube isn't exactly 44. The more TV you watch, the less physically active you are. And the less exercise you get, the more likely you are to develop 45 such as diabetes or heart problems. Moreover, the poor diet that onscreen junk-food advertising promotes worsens the problems.

| [4] 41. ^① programs | ^② rating | ③ stations | ④ viewing |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| [3] 42. ^① doctors | ^② police | ③ study | ④ TV |
| [3] 43. ^① broadcast | ^② coverage | ③ reduction | ④ whisper |
| [1] 44. ^① healthy | 2 modern | ③ present | ④ simple |
| [1] 45. ^① diseases | ② knowledge | ③ products | (4) wisdom |

四、閱讀測驗

A man and a woman meet, fall in love, get married, and move in together under the same roof. This is the only way a marriage cam work, right? Not according to some surprising research, though. Studies have shown that an increasing number of married couples are living apart in what we called "commuter marriages."

From 2000 to 2005, commuter marriages increased by 30% to 3.6 million. Take Dr. Laura Minikel and her husband, Bent Balle, for example. She lives and works in California, while he stays in Denmark. The two visit each other whenever their demanding careers allow. The divorce rate for these types of unions is no higher than that for conventional marriages. Researchers say these relationships work because each person keeps an idealized picture of their partner while they are away, forgetting their faults or shortcomings. Technologies such as Webcams and Skype have also made long-distance relationships all the easier.

Commuter marriages have also proven to be good news for employers. Employees who are married are often seen as being more stable. However, since in this case the person's significant other is far away, the employees can also be married to their jobs. Sometimes this can help make up for the absence of the husband or wife.

- [1] 46. According to the passage, what is one reason why commuter marriages work?
 - ^① Because the couples focus on each other's good characteristics.
 - ^② Because the distance causes the couples to fight more often.
 - ③ Because this arrangement allows them to have an affair.
- ④ Because conventional marriages have a higher divorce rate.
- [4] 47. What has made long-distance relationships easier? ① Flights that are cheaper so couples can see each other more often. ^② Jobs that allow couples to have a lot of vacation time to visit each other.
- ③ Studies that show couples how to deal with being apart for a long time.
- ④ Technology that allows couples to talk to and see one another.
- [3] 48. Which of the following can be said of commuter marriages? ① They never work out for anyone.
- ^② Their numbers are declining.
- 3 They are becoming more common.
- ④ They are less successful than conventional marriages.
- [4] 49. Why are long-distance marriages good for employers? ① Employees in long-distance marriages are often happier. ^② Employees in long-distance marriages can handle stress easily.
- ③ Employees in long-distance marriages ask for less money.
- ④ Employees in long-distance marriages spend more time at work.
- [2] 50. What is the purpose of this passage?
- ① To try and get more couples to get married.
- ^② To outline a growing trend in marriages around the world.
- ③ To show the problems associated with commuter marriages.
- ④ To warn people against becoming involved in commuter marriage.