中國鋼鐵股份有限公司 104 年新進人員甄試試題

甄試職位/類組【代碼】:員級職位/機械【G9511】、電機【G9512】、化工【G9513】 共同科目:國文及英文

④入鮑魚之肆,久而不聞其臭

民)) *請填寫入場通知書編號: ④一段蟬唱之後,自己的心靈也跟著透明澄淨起來,有一種「何處惹塵埃」的了悟。(簡媜〈夏之絕句〉) 注意:①作答前須檢查答案卡、入場通知書編號、桌角號碼、應試類別是否相符,如有不同應立即請監試人 【4】11.下列有關鳥類的文學用語中,具有負面含意的詞語選項為: 員處理,否則不予計分。 ①「雀」屏中選 ②本試卷一張雙面,四選一單選選擇題共50題,每題2分,共100分,限用2B鉛筆於答案卡上作 ②「鳶」飛魚躍 ③鴻「鵠」之志 答,請選出最適當答案,答錯不倒扣;未作答者,不予計分。 ③請勿於答案卡上書寫姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。 ④飲「鴆」止渴 ④本項測驗僅得使用簡易型電子計算器(不具任何財務函數、工程函數功能、儲存程式功能),但不得 【3】12.「秋」是指一年四季中的第三季,下列有關「秋」的詞語,確實是指「秋季」的選項為: 發出聲響;若應考人於測驗時將不符規定之電子計算器放置於桌面或使用,經勸阻無效,仍執意使 ①千秋萬世 ②秋瑾列十 用者,該節以零分計;該電子計算器並由監試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸還。 ③秋扇見捐 ④多事之秋 ⑤答案卡務必繳回,未繳回者該科以零分計算。 【1】13.下列各成語用字完全正確的選項為: 壹、國文【第1-20題,每題2分,共計20題,佔40分】 ①命運多舛 ② 撤耳道鈴 ③涅而不淄 ④童心未怋 【1】1.「扶搖直上,小小的希望能懸得多高呢/長長一生莫非這樣一場遊戲吧/細細一線,卻想與整座天 空口口/上去,再上去,都快看不見了/沿著河堤,我開始拉著天空奔跑」,上列新詩口口處,最適合填 【4】14.下列各組摘自經典文學的文句與原著書名的配對,正確的選項為: 入的詞語選項為: ①卻說魯肅領了周瑜言語,逕來舟中相探孔明。/老殘遊記 ②謝太傅寒雪日內集,與兒女講論文義。俄而雪驟,公欣然曰:「白雪紛紛何所似?」兄子胡兒曰:「撒鹽 ①拔河 ②擁抱 ④挑戰 空中差可擬。」兄女曰:「未若柳絮因風起。」/紅樓夢 ③連繫 ③史湘雲撐不住,一口飯都噴了出來;林黛玉笑岔了氣,伏著桌子,口叫「噯喲!」寶玉早滾到賈母懷裡, 【2】2.「自私是一面鏡子,鏡子裡永遠只看得到自己;自私是□□□□,蒙住了自己的眼睛,看不見別人 **賈母笑摟著寶玉叫「心肝」。**/西廂記 的痛楚……」,最適合填入上文空格處的詞語選項為: ④問今是何世?乃不知有漢,無論魏、晉。此人一一為具言所聞,皆歎惋。/桃花源記 ①一層玻璃 ②一塊布匹 【3】15.判讀下列文句,其敘述背景屬於春季的選項為: ③一座大厦 ④一疊書本 ①荷盡已無擎雨蓋, 菊殘猶有傲霜枝 【3】3.「聞名可知其字,聞字可知其名」,古人的「名」與「字」往往具有意義上的關聯性,有時是「同 **②**黃花艷吐東籬月,丹桂香飄北國詩 訓」(同義或義近),有時是「對文」(反義)。下列各組古人的名與字,屬於「對文」關係的選項為: ③桃花一簇開無主,可爱深紅愛淺紅 ①諸葛亮/孔明 ②孔鯉/伯魚 ④更無柳絮隨風起,唯有葵花向日傾 ③陶潛/淵明 ④蘇軾/子膽 【4】16.李先生接受他人贈送的匾額,上面題有「杏壇之光」,下列各行業,最有可能是李先生所從事的職 【2】4.「充滿魚腥味的小鎮,我結識了三條/黝黑的比花布熱情的領巾……」(紀敦譯《彼岸》),其中 業的選項為: 「黝」字的發音,正確的選項為: ①醫生 ②警官 2 - x ~ ① 幺 ③律師 ④教師 ③ 幺 ④ − 𝔅` 【1】17.在一份訃聞中,下列各用語的含意,正確的選項為: 【1】5.「上班族忙績效,學生忙考試,生活充滿壓力的現代人,一定要有套□壓的方法啊!」,句中空格 ①得年:指死者年齡不滿三十歲 處宜填入正確的國字為: ②未亡人:指死者的所有家人 ③伃 ④杼 ①紓 ②妤 ③顯考:稱自己已過世的母親 ④先室:稱自己已過世的祖父 【4】6.下列各詞語中的「青」字,其含義為「黑色」的選項為: ①熱情「青」年 ②「青」春洋溢 【4】18.「驚鴻一□/□清關係/脾氣□扭」,以上三個空格處,依序應填入下列何者? ③「青」樓女子 ④國劇「青」衣 ①瞥/撇/蹩 ②撇/蹩/彆 【3】7.下列各選項內的字,其讀音的聲調正好是按一、二、三、四聲排列的選項為: ③彆/暫/撇 ①羼/蒲/淌/踹 ④瞥/撇/彆 ②蘸/挪/舀/讖 ③喫/殂/俛/硯 【3】19.文學作品中,常出現「今昔對比」的表達方式,下列各文句,符合「今昔對比」的選項為: ④架/焙/砭/驀 ①過盡千帆皆不是,斜暉脈脈水悠悠 **②**松風吹解帶,山月照彈琴 【3】8.下列各詞語括弧中的字,字義正確的選項為: ③鳳凰臺上鳳凰遊,鳳去臺空江自流 ①負「笈」求學:荊棘 ④屏風有意障明月,燈火無情照獨眠 ②「惻」隱之心:偏僻 ③深耕易「耨」:除草 【3】20.打開某一本有關國學的著作,目錄包含孟軻論「人有四端」、荀況論「禮治」、韓愈之「排斥佛老」、 ④一碧萬「頃」: 頹廢 王守仁之「致良知」等主題,依此推論,下列國學內容,最有可能是本書研究範圍的選項為: ①詩詞鑑賞 【4】9.「人們不在乎他們呼吸的空氣多麼汙濁,就像纏綿病床多年的病患,對惡臭已喪失知覺」。上述文 **②**神話傳說 字含意,最接近的俗語選項為: ③儒學概論 ①山窮水盡疑無路 ④先秦歷史 **②**久病床前無孝子 ③冠蓋滿京華,斯人獨憔悴

【1】10.下列白話文句都引用了古典舊籍中的故事,其中源自於孔門弟子顏淵故事的文句選項為:

①正如我小時候在北風刺骨的街頭,人家過年,我賣對子。人不堪其憂,我獨不減其樂。(陳之藩 〈春聯 〉) **②**西出陽關,何止不見故人,連紅人也不見了。(余光中(丹佛城)) ③我臨書沉吟, 感慨甚多, 願與吾兄共勉, 讓我們做只會一招「亢龍有悔」的郭靖吧。(楊牧〈孤兒與暴

貳、英文【第 21-50 題,每題 2 分,共計 30 題,佔 60 分】

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意,選出最適當的答案】

[1] 21. I had my _	set on having	my own house, so I st	arted working hard to make	e more money.
1) heart	2 waist	③ ankle	(4) elbow	
[2] 22. Many custo	omers are waiting outside the	he famous	for the first batch of fre	sh bread and cake.

- 1) dairy ③ laundry ^② bakerv (4) grocery [2] 23. Haste makes waste when you try to finish your test without checking it over. ⁽²⁾ quickly ① finally ③ awfully (4) certainly
- [4] 24. Mail is put into groups by zip codes in the post offices before being ④ delivered ^② rejected ③ uploaded ① replied
- [3] 25. Athletes need to eat diets full of essential for them to be strong and fit. ③ nutrients ① recipes ^② flavors ④ additives
- [3] 26. I really don't enjoy spending time with Penny because she's complaining. ① suddenly ⁽²⁾ especially ③ constantly ④ previously
- [1] 27. Julie is an old, grumpy grandma. In contrast, her daughter is very lovely and ① cheerful ^② sensitive ③ harmless (4) fortunate
- [2] 28. The government hopes the new tax policy will help the economic growth. ^② facilitate ③ associate (4) concentrate ① retreat
- [4] 29. To develop new products, the company _ almost 1,000 customers to gather information. ① improved ^② restricted ③ opposed ④ surveyed
- [3] 30. The mayor's comments about the gift from a guest visitor were criticized by the press. ^② responsible ① inspiring ③ inappropriate (4) cooperative

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

 [3] 32 the disease spreading so quickly, the health officials are now looking into the matter. ① As ② For ③ With ④ Upon [3] 33. The rich woman's diamond ring sparkled in the sun light, much attention and admiration. ① caught ② catch ③ catching ④ has caught 	
① caught ② catch	
 34. You should keep your phone charged, it doesn't run out of power. or else 2 so that and yet 4 but rather 	
 [4] 35. Bobby can't distinguish between green and blue. He and found to be color blind. ① tested ② is testing ③ has tested ④ was tested 	
[4] 36. EQ is the ability to understand your own feelings and emotions and of others.① one② some③ ones④ those	
 [1] 37. Ted has the highest IQ in his class, but it doesn't mean he gets grades than his classmates. ① better ② the best ③ so good ④ the good 	
 [3] 38. The café is a popular hangout for international students, most of are Europeans. ① who ② them ③ whom ④ which 	
 [1] 39 a proper dining etiquette to wait to eat until everyone has been served some food. ① It is ② That is ③ What is ④ Which is ④ 	
 [3] 40 laws against mobile-phone use while driving, many people admit checking their phone while behind the wheel. ① Since ② Though ③ Despite ④ However 	ile

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

A team of scientists tried to pinpoint how the Ebola epidemic in West Africa started. They explored an area in southeastern Guinea 41 2-year-old Emile Ouamouno fell ill around two years ago and died. Health officials believe he was the first case, and it is reported that he may have been 42 by bats.

The epidemic's exact 43 has never been determined, but the virus is thought to spread to people from some sort of animal. Many experts have suspected some species of fruit bat as the source, while others wonder if the epidemic started through another animal—like a chimpanzee or small antelope—that had got Ebola from bats before 44 by people. The Ebola virus wasn't found in the bats the scientists tested, so they weren't able to prove the source. Yet, they believe the first Ebola <u>45</u> got Ebola from bats that had lived in a hollowed-out tree. The boy was said to have played in the hollow tree a lot.

[2] 41. (D that	^② where	③ which	(4) who
[4] 42. ① imported	^② imitated	③ inspired	(4) infected
[3] 43. ^① image	^② stress	③ origin	(4) energy
[4] 44. ① to eat	^② eating	③ had eaten	④ being eaten
[1] 45. ① victim	⁽²⁾ chance	3 disease	(4) touch

四、閱讀測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

Have you ever wondered where the name "America" came from? Why aren't the continents of North and South America called "Columbusia" after Christopher Columbus? The word "America" actually came from Amerigo Vespucci, a 15-century Italian explorer. Who made the decision? A mapmaker.

Like Columbus, Vespucci traveled to the New World (first in 1499 and again in 1502). Unlike Columbus, Vespucci wrote about it. Vespucci's accounts of his travels were published in 1504 and were widely read in Europe. Columbus was also hindered because he thought he had discovered another route to Asia; he didn't realize America was a whole new continent. Vespucci, however, found that America was not contiguous with Asia. He was also the first to call it the New World, or Novus Mundus in Latin, in his books. With the discovery of this "New World," maps were being redrawn all the time.

In 1507, a German mapmaker named Martin Waldseemüller was drawing a map of the world. He called it the Universalis Cosmographia, or Universal Cosmography. Comprised of 12 wooden panels, it was eight feet wide and four-and-a-half feet tall. He based his drawings of the New World on Vespucci's published travelogues, and the mapmaker further used Vespucci's name "Amerigo" to name the new continents "America." Mapmakers tended to copy one another's choices, so Columbus was left off the map. Today, an original of Waldseemüller's map is permanently on display at the Library of Congress in Washington, D.C.

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[1] 46. What is the purpose of this passage?	
① To explain why America was named as it is.	
^② To clarify who had first discovered America.	
³ To give information about mapmaking in Europe.	
④ To compare and contrast two European explorers.	,
[3] 47. What did Amerigo Vespucci call America?	
① America.	② Colu
③ Novus Mundus.	④ Univ
 4 48. Which of the following is a correct descript 1 It was commissioned by Columbus. 2 It depicted only the lands of America. 3 He copied another mapmaker's work. 4 It is now on display in the United States. 	ion of Wa
 49. What is true about Amerigo Vespucci? ① He was a Spanish navigator. ② He kept a record about his travel. ③ He traveled together with Columbus. ④ He labeled the new world after his own name. 	
[4] 50. In the 2nd paragraph, what does the word "	<u>contiguo</u>
^① Distant. ^② Circling.	3 Nons
0	

umbusia. versalis Cosmographia. aldseemüller's map?